



D8mm 780nm Infrared Dot Laser Module

Application

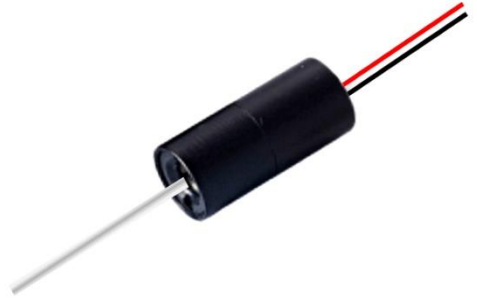
Industrial Areas / Biochemical / Laser Sensing / Laser Detection

Property

Wavelength Range = 780nm

Introduction

We created high stability and quality infrared laser modules that are successfully applied in military, industry, biochemistry, medicine etc. LM8 laser module series are distinguished by its compact size, high MTTF, good stability and reliability, also wide wavelength selection and custom made as requirements.



Specifications(T=25°C)

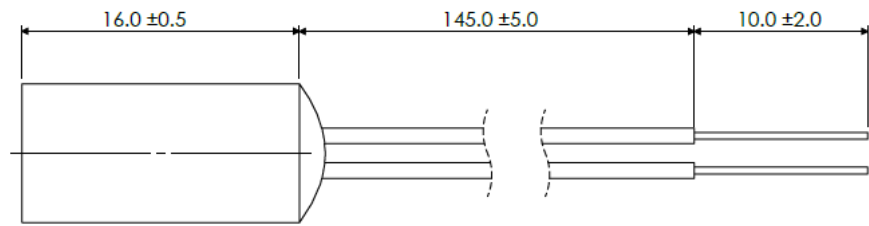
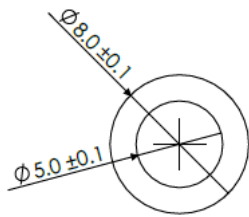
Items	Symbols	LM8IR780S1D/LM8IR780S5D
Mode		CW
Wavelength	λ	780nm
Lens		PMMA
Spot	D	Dot
Spot Size	D	<1mm at 1m
Diameter x Length	$\Phi \times L$	8X16 mm (housing)
Output Power	Po	<1mW,<5mW
Power Stability		<5%
Divergence Angle	mrad	<1
Operating Voltage(DC)	Vo	3V / 5V
CW Operating Current	Io	10mA(typ), 20mA (max) 20mA(typ), 30mA(max)
Operating Temperature	To	-10°C~ +60°C
Storage Temperature	Ts	-20°C~ +80°C
Housing Material		Aluminum
Mean time to failure		>8000 hrs.



ATTENTION – Observe Precautions For Handling – Electrostatic Sensitive Device



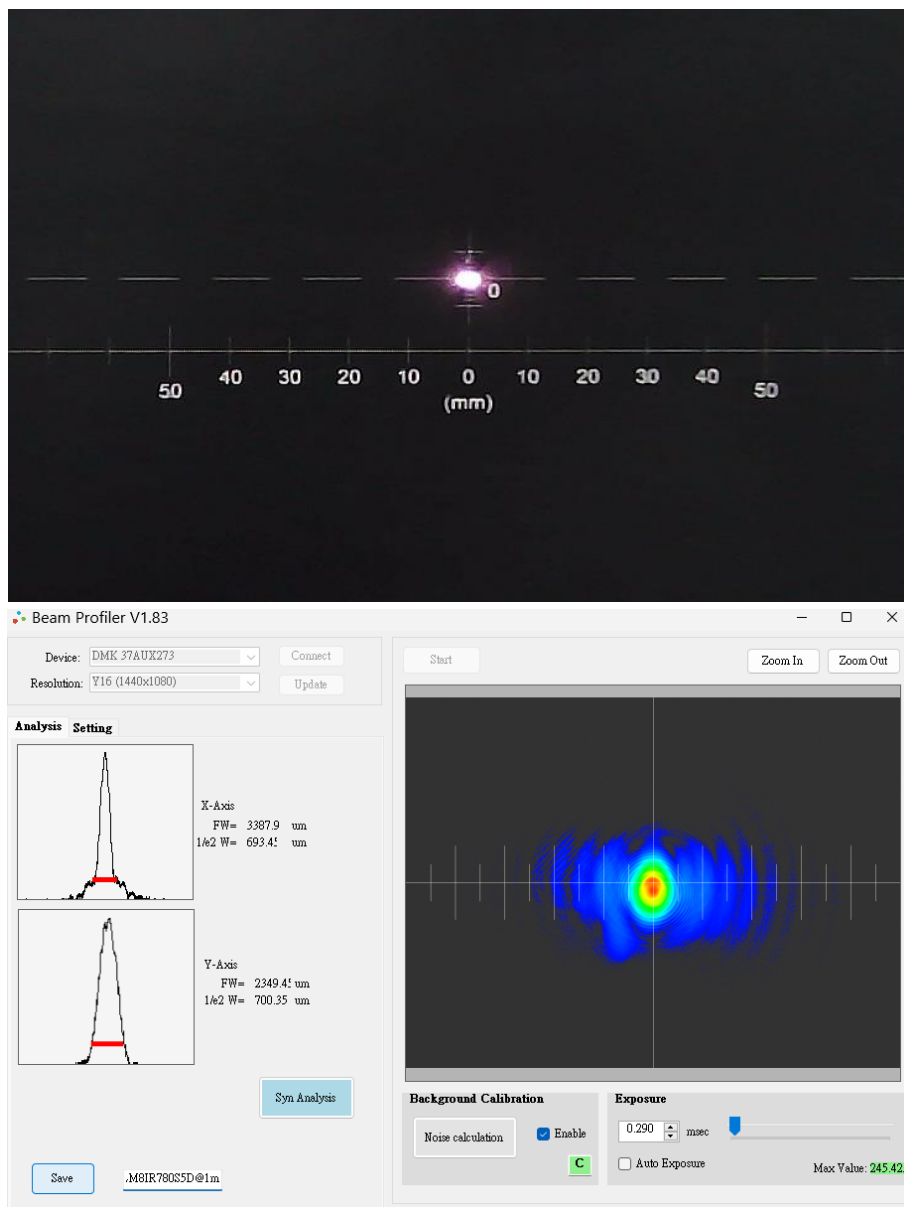
Outline Dimensions



UL 1571 AWG 28# RED/BLACK WIRE

Spot size Define

LM8 series Dot Shape at 1m





Power Stability

The actual output power will be between the range 0.3mW to 3mW, but once make sure the value, for example, $10\text{mW} \pm 0.5\text{mW}$ in the 25 °C temperature. Then the power stability represents 5%.

Spot size

The spot size defined as Gaussian beam. In optics, a Gaussian beam is a beam of electromagnetic radiation whose transverse electric field and intensity (irradiance) distributions are well approximated by Gaussian functions. Many lasers emit beams that approximate a Gaussian profile, in which case the laser is said to be operating on the fundamental transverse mode, or "TEM00 mode" of the laser's optical resonator. When refracted by a diffraction-limited lens, a Gaussian beam is transformed into another Gaussian beam (characterized by a different set of parameters), which explains why it is a convenient, widespread model in laser optics.

Mean time to failure (MTTF)

Mean time to failure (MTTF) is the length of time a device or other product is expected to last in operation. MTTF is one of many ways to evaluate the reliability of pieces of hardware or other technology. It's important to note, however, that the mean time to failure metrics provided by companies regarding specific products or components may not have been collected by running one unit continuously until failure. Instead, MTTF data is often collected by running many units, even many thousands of units, for a specific number of hours.

Laser Safety

The light emitted from these devices has been set in accordance with IEC60825. However, staring into the beam, whether directly or indirectly, must be avoided.

CLASS 1

The maximum permissible exposure (MPE) cannot be exceeded, it includes High-power lasers within an enclosure that prevents exposure to the radiation and that cannot be opened without shutting down the laser. For example, a continuous laser at 600nm can emit up to 0.39mW, but for shorter wavelengths, the maximum emission is lower.

CLASS 2

"Caution", visible laser light less than 1.0mW. Considered eye safe, normal exposure to this type of beam will not cause permanent damage to the retina.

CLASS 3A (3R)

"Danger", visible laser light between 1.0mW and 5.0mW. Considered eye safe with caution. Focusing of this light into the eye could cause some damage.

CLASS 3B

"Danger", infrared (IR), and high-power visible lasers considered dangerous to the retina if exposed. NB: it is important to note that while complying with the above classifications, unless otherwise stated. Our laser diode products are not certified and are designed solely for use in OEM products. The way in which device is used in the final product may alter its original design classification, and it is the responsibility of the OEM to ensure compliance with the relevant standards.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

